# Prof. Christopher S. Hill

Office: (614) 688-7512

Email: chill@physics.osu.edu

3048 Physics Research Building 191 W. Woodruff Ave. Columbus, OH 43210-1117

### **Academic Appointments**

- Professor of Physics, The Ohio State University, 2014-
- Associate Professor of Physics, The Ohio State University, 2010–2014
- Reader in Physics, University of Bristol, 2009–2010
- Senior Lecturer in Physics, University of Bristol, 2007–2009
- Lecturer in Physics, University of Bristol, 2006–2007
- Post-doctoral Research Fellow, University of California at Santa Barbara, 2001–2006

#### Awards

- Breakthrough Prize in Fundamental Physics, 2025 ATLAS, CMS, ALICE and LHCb Experiments at CERN
- High Energy and Particle Physics Prize, European Physical Society, 2019
  awarded to the CDF and D0 collaborations "for the discovery of the top quark and the detailed measurement of its properties"
- Fellow, American Physical Society, elected 2016
- LPC Distinguished Researcher, Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory, 2016
- High Energy and Particle Physics Prize, European Physical Society, 2013
  awarded to the ATLAS and CMS collaborations "for the discovery of a Higgs boson"

### Education

- Ph.D. in Physics, University of California, Davis, USA, 2001
- M.S. in Physics, University of California, Davis, USA, 1998
- A.B. in Physics and Philosophy, Dartmouth College, USA, 1994

#### Research

I am an experimental high energy physicist. My research aims to understand the fundamental constituents of matter and their interactions. I am a leading member of one of the premier high energy physics experiments in the world, the CMS experiment, where I study the energy frontier with proton-proton collisions provided by the LHC at CERN (Geneva, Switzerland). On July 4, 2012 my collaborators and I announced the discovery of the Higgs boson, a new type of fundamental particle that is believed to be responsible for the origin of mass. I am also an original proponent and co-spokeperson of milliQan, a newer LHC experiment that is performing a dedicated search for milli-charged particles. The success of this experiment has prompted me (and others) to propose several complementary "milliQanlike" experiments around the globe (e.g. FerMINI at FNAL, SUBMET at JPARC, FORMOSA at CERN FPF).

# Prof. Christopher S. Hill

Office: (614) 688-7512

Email: chill@physics.osu.edu

3048 Physics Research Building 191 W. Woodruff Ave. Columbus, OH 43210-1117

#### **Selected Professional Activities:**

- milliQan co-spokesperson (2015–)
- US CMS HL-LHC Project Scientist (2016-)
- US CMS HL-LHC Tracker PM (2015–2016)
- CMS Deputy Physics Coordinator (2012–2014)
- CMS Exotica group convener (2010–2012)
- CMS V+jets group convener (2008–2009)
- CDF Silicon Detector Project Leader (2001–2002)

#### **Selected Talks:**

- "First Physics Results from milliQan," LLP 2025, Valencia, Spain, June 6-8, 2025.
- "Status of, and First Results from, the milliQan Run 3 Detector," Lepton-Photon 2023, Melbourne, Australia, July 17–21, 2023.
- "Status of FORMOSA CERN, Geneva, Switzerland, November 15–16, 2022.
- "Search for new physics with disappearing tracks", Lake Louise Winter Institute 2020, CA, Feb 10, 2020.
- "The Hunt for the Higgs: Has the Origin of Mass Been Found?", AAAS Meeting, Boston, MA, Feb, 2013.
- "The Discovery of the Higgs Boson", Colloquium, The Ohio State University, Columbus, OH, Aug. 2012.

#### **Selected Publications:**

- 1. "Search for millicharged particles in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13.6$  TeV," S. Alcott et al. [milliQan Collaboration] Phys. Rev. Lett. 135, 121802 (2025).
- 2. "Search for long-lived particles decaying to leptons with large impact parameter in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV," A. Tumasyan et al. [CMS Collaboration] Eur. Phys. J. C 82, no.2, 153 (2022)
- 3. "Sensitivity to millicharged particles in future proton-proton collisions at the LHC with the milliQan detector," A. Ball et al. [milliQan Collaboration] Phys. Rev. D 104, no.3, 032002 (2021)
- 4. "Search for millicharged particles in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV," A. Ball et al. [milliQan Collaboration]. Phys. Rev. D **102**, no.3, 032002 (2020)
- 5. "Search for disappearing tracks in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV," A. M. Sirunyan et al. [CMS Collaboration]. Phys. Lett. B 806, 135502 (2020)
- 6. "Search for disappearing tracks as a signature of new long-lived particles in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ " A. M. Sirunyan et al. [CMS Collaboration] JHEP **1808**, 016 (2018)
- 7. "Search for decays of stopped exotic long-lived particles produced in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV" A. M. Sirunyan et al. [CMS Collaboration] JHEP **1805**, 127 (2018)
- 8. "Looking for milli-charged particles with a new experiment at the LHC" A. Haas, C. S. Hill, E. Izaguirre and I. Yavin. Phys. Lett. B **746**, 117 (2015)